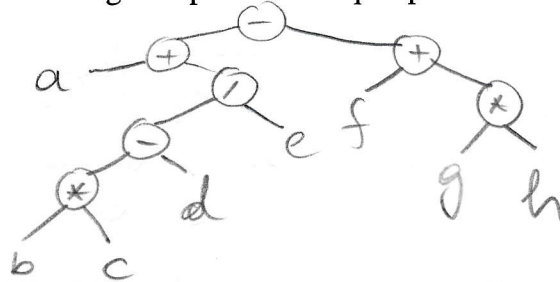


07

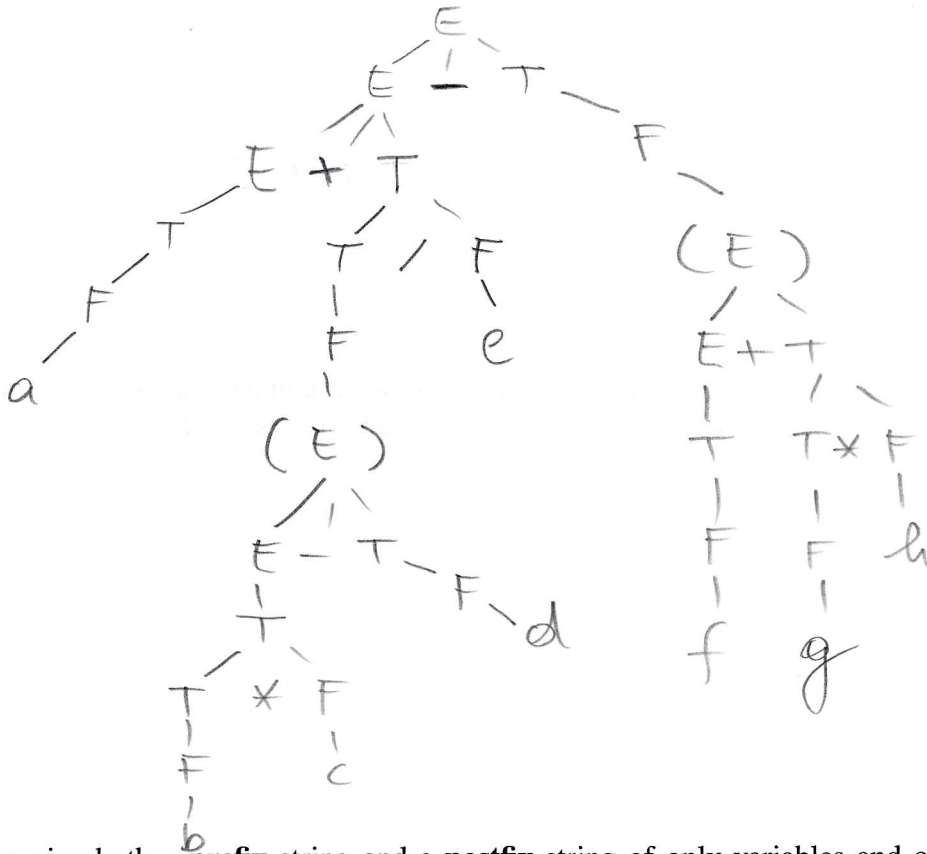
Problem 1 (14 points) Consider the following mathematical formula:

$$a + (b * c - d) / e - (f + g * h) \tag{1}$$

(a, 5pts) Please draw an expression tree for (1) that complies with the usual operator precedence rules and left-to-right tie-breaking for operators of equal precedence.



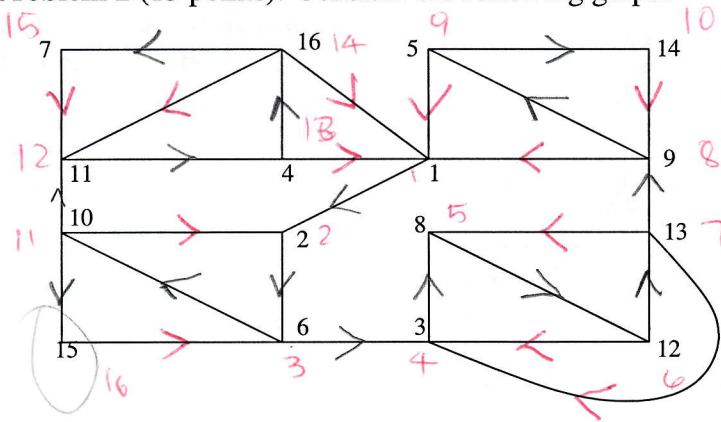
(b, 5pts) Please draw the parse tree for (1) using the context-free grammar given in class.



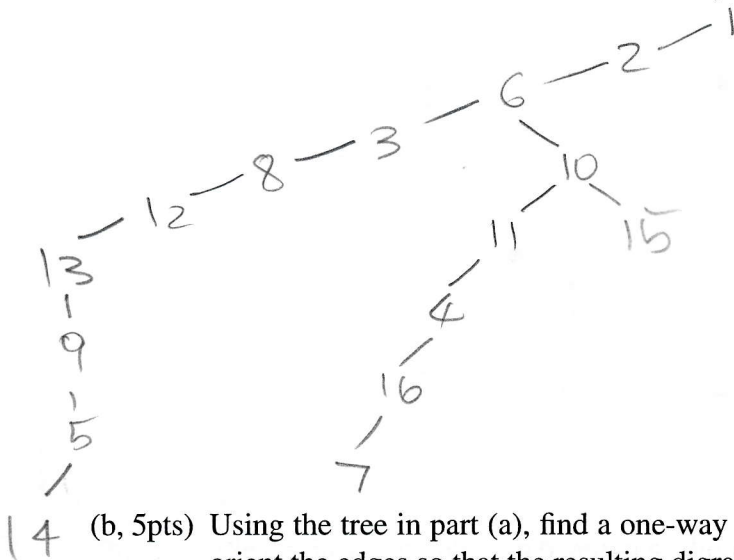
(c, 4pts) Please give both a **prefix** string and a **postfix** string of only variables and operators that represent the tree given under part (a).

Prefix string: $- + a / - * b c d e + f * g h$
 Postfix string: $a b c * d - e / + f g h * + -$

Problem 2 (13 points): Consider the following graph:



(a, 5pts) Please draw the depth-first search tree for the above graph, processing the neighboring vertices of each vertex **in numerical order**, starting at vertex 1.



(b, 5pts) Using the tree in part (a), find a one-way street assignment for the above graph, i.e., please orient the edges so that the resulting digraph is strongly connected.

2 arcs wrong - 1 pt

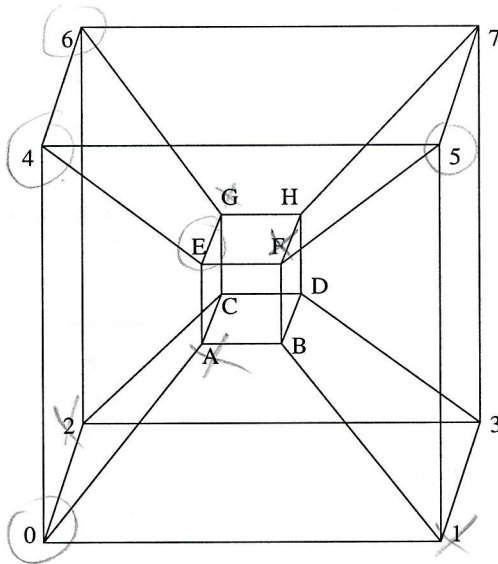
(c, 3pts) What is the maximum degree in the above graph? Please explain.

5
vertex 1 has 5 neighbours
digraph degree - 1

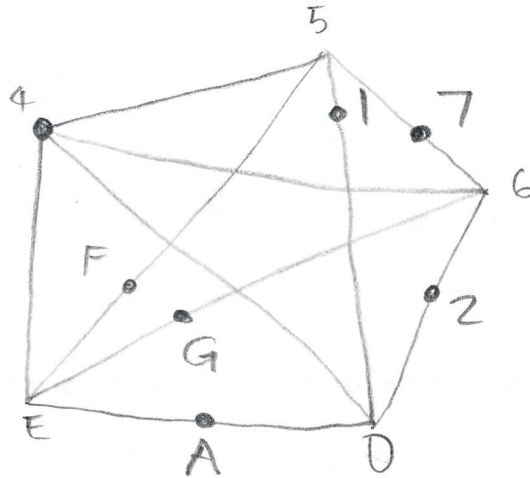
4 1 pt

07

Problem 3 (10 points):
 Consider the 4-dimensional hypercube (with the given vertex labeling):

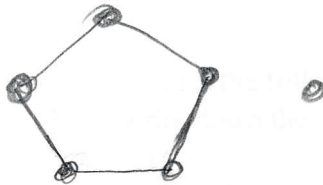


(a, 5pts) Please draw a subgraph that is homeomorphic to K_5 (the complete graph with five vertices).



Problem 4

(b, 5pts) Please draw a graph with 6 vertices, clique number 2 and chromatic number 3.

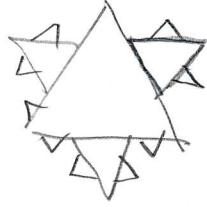


$\omega = 3$ no credit
 $\chi = 2$ no credit
 + 1 pt

07

Problem 4 (8 points):

(a, 3pts) Please describe the construction of Koch's snowflake.



(b, 3pts) Please derive the area of Koch's snowflake, assuming that the initial triangle has area 1.

$$1 + 3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^2 + 3 \cdot 4 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^2 + 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{27}\right)^2 + \dots + 3 \cdot 4^{i-1} \cdot \frac{1}{9^i} + \dots$$

$$1 + \frac{1}{3} \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \frac{4^{i-1}}{9^i} = 1 + \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{1 - \frac{4}{9}} = 1 + \frac{1}{3} \frac{9}{5} = \frac{8}{5}$$

(c, 2pts) Please derive the length of the boundary of Koch's snowflake.

L grows by $\frac{4}{3}$ each step $\Rightarrow L = \infty$.

Problem 5 (4 points): Consider the following Lindenmeyer system: $A \rightarrow BA$, $B \rightarrow CB$, $C \rightarrow DC$, $D \rightarrow A\alpha$, $\alpha \rightarrow \alpha$. Please write down the first 4 new generations of strings starting with A .

$A \rightarrow BA \rightarrow CBBA \rightarrow DCCBCBBA$
 $\rightarrow A\alpha DCDCBDCBCEBA$

3 generations - 1 pt